

## Algebra/Topology Seminar

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## The Sigma Conjecture for Solvable S-Arithmetic Groups and Morse Theory on Euclidean Buildings

Thursday, November 7, 2019 1:15 p.m. in ES-143

ABSTRACT. Given a finitely generated group G, the Sigma invariants of G consist of geometrically defined subsets  $\Sigma^k(G)$  of the set S(G) of all characters  $\chi \colon G \to \mathbb{R}$  of G. These invariants where introduced independently by Bieri–Strebel and Neumann for k=1 and generalized by Bieri–Renz to the general case in the late 80's in order to determine the finiteness properties of all subgroups H of G that contain the commutator subgroup [G,G]. In this talk we determine the Sigma invariants of certain S-arithmetic subgroups of Borel groups in Chevalley groups. In particular we will determine the finiteness properties of every subgroup G of the group of upper triangular matrices  $B_n(\mathbb{Z}[1/p]) < SL_n(\mathbb{Z}[1/p])$  that contains the group  $U_n(\mathbb{Z}[1/p])$  of unipotent matrices where p is any sufficiently large prime number.